

## HOPE AND FAITH.

Hope is the seed of faith.  
Which, in the breast implanted,  
Whose winds sweep the bosom's bowers  
Still blossoms like a thing enchanted—  
Lives sweet inheritance and dower.

Faith is the steady spark  
For journeying mortals lighted,  
Still beaming starlike through the dark  
On high where erst by sorrow lighted—  
And still where life may mark.

—Alfred W. Harris, in the Current.

## THE MAJOR'S STRATAGEM.

Major John Brindson, a member of the Arkansas Historical society, was requested to read a paper relative to the life of the code within the memory of men now living. The major cheerfully responded in the following:

Arkansas had been a State some ten years when I became one of her citizens. I was a very ambitious young man. Devoted study had failed to win for me a name of any distinction in the East, so, in this wild country, I was determined to get a living if I could not make one out of nothing. The State, I had no particular point in view, but mounted on a good horse, I struck out for some place to suit my fancy. One evening, when the water's surface was just above the trees, I struck down like a ball of fire. I stopped at a large double log house. The surroundings spoke of refinement. The yard was a perfect wilderness of shrubs and flowers, and the fields lying adjacent bore evidence of a fine state of cultivation.

"Set down," said I, "get down," said a polite old gentleman, coming out of the house. "Here, Abram, take the gentleman's horse. Come in and have a seat." The room into which he ushered me was large and comfortable. The furniture was old-fashioned, and as I looked at the old brass andirons had escaped the cannon molder in the early days of the American republic. I had soon learned, was Judge Blake, an eminent jurist of that day. When I told him that I came to practice law, his face beamed with pleasure.

"Young and ambitious, of course," said he. "Well, I shall not discourage you. We have need of youth and ambition in a country like this. The ability that would often be unrecognized in an older State, many times meets with brilliant success in a country where oratory has a peculiar charm and where logic, although an audience may be uneducated, finds an appreciative ear. Let me introduce my wife and daughter."

I arose and bowed to a pleasant middle-aged lady and a girl of surprising loveliness.

"Mr. Brindson will remain over night with us," said the judge. "Houses are scarce in this section. My dear sir, turning to me, my wife arose and gave me a welcome which I shall never forget. Welcome indeed to me, for I have, as no doubt has been the case with you, ridden some miles to-day. Come."

At the table, the young lady whom she called Jassmine, sat opposite me. I had ample opportunity for studying her face, at first a pleasure and then a fascination. She was a beautiful girl, with a glance at me, and my eyes, falling, would rest on the cold roast of a bar into which my appetite, despite my admiration, was making something of an incursion. After we sat around the log fire, I found Jassmine to be proud and well educated, though she did not affect that super-refinement which prompts so many young people to despise their surroundings.

"If you are going to practice law," said the judge, "I don't know of a better place than this. Our county seat is about four miles from here. It is not much of a village, but its legal business is large. The letters of recommendation which you have shown me—which I had shown, too, rather peculiarly, as I admit you into the bar society. The one from Judge King should be treasured as a precious document. I am going to town to-morrow, and if you desire, it will rest in your hands."

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One day, about six years after our removal to Little Rock, Jasper Patterson, with whom I had been intimate during the days of my military life, paid me a visit. I was delighted to see him, and he was equally glad to see me. He had been in the army for many years, and he had seen a great deal of the world. He was now a private, and he was looking for a new home. He had been in the army for many years, and he had seen a great deal of the world. He was now a private, and he was looking for a new home.

"I am going to practice law," said the judge, "I don't know of a better place than this. Our county seat is about four miles from here. It is not much of a village, but its legal business is large. The letters of recommendation which you have shown me—which I had shown, too, rather peculiarly, as I admit you into the bar society. The one from Judge King should be treasured as a precious document. I am going to town to-morrow, and if you desire, it will rest in your hands."

I thanked him warmly. I fancied Jassmine's eyes rested on me in approval.

"The village was indeed small, but, as the judge said, there was a future before it. There was evidently not much of a past behind it. The court house and jail were log structures, very much alike in appearance. I thought the business houses were small, and seemed to be filled up with the skins of animals. I decided to leave. Offices were few, but after much persuasion, the four-room house with the county clerk's office, was the next question. This was even more difficult than finding an office. "Young man," said the judge, "if you don't mind, I will let you have a board at my house and ride in every day."

I was delighted, and shook the judge's hand with a tight grasp. I was anxious to know what Jassmine would think, whether or not she would like the idea of admitting a boarder, and especially if she would like the thought of my being the boarder. That evening I found her alone in the sitting-room. Her face showed no surprise when I told her.

"I hope you have no objections," said I, disappointed.

"Why should I have? Whatever father does is right."

"Don't you get very tired of living here in the woods?"

"Oh, I suppose we all get tired of living anywhere. It is the mind rather than the abode that makes life agreeable."

"Then," said I, in an attempt at a compliment, "life should be agreeable to you for you have more mind than—more mind than—"

"Abode?" she immediately suggested. Finding that I could not resist the sentence as I had intended, I dropped it, and catching up a handful of little notions, discussed them. While we were talking, a footstep aroused Jassmine, and I fancied she changed color. She went to the door and said "good evening," in a cordial voice. A man entered. She introduced him as Dr. Gray. I did not like him. I thought that he rather overdid the work of smiling. Every time Jassmine said a word, he would turn to her and smile. He did not smile at me but two or three times, for I frowned at him. After this he grinned at me in a cold, merciless way.

"Have you been here long?" he asked of me when Jassmine had left the room.

"No."

"Sort of a lawyer, eh?"

"I am a student of the law."

"I am a kind of a doctor," said he.

"I am going to practice law," said the judge, "I don't know of a better place than this. Our county seat is about four miles from here. It is not much of a village, but its legal business is large. The letters of recommendation which you have shown me—which I had shown, too, rather peculiarly, as I admit you into the bar society. The one from Judge King should be treasured as a precious document. I am going to town to-morrow, and if you desire, it will rest in your hands."

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## HEALTH HINTS.

To cure head and a running sore, apply alum water twice a day.

A liniment of equal parts of oil of wintergreen and olive oil, or soap liniment, is said to afford almost instant relief from pain in acute rheumatism.

Put five drops of chloroform on a little cotton or wool in the bowl of a clay pipe, then blow the vapor through the stem into an aching ear and instant relief will be afforded.

A simple remedy for neuralgia, is to apply glycerine ointment to the affected part. It will relieve the face or head is affected, or to the wrist when the pain is in the arm or shoulder.

There is nothing better for a cut than powdered resin. It will heal a wound, and put it in an empty, clean pepper box with perforated top, then you can easily sit it out on the cut; put a soft cloth around the injured member, and it will with cold water once in a while. It will prevent inflammation and soreness.

An excellent glycerine ointment for chapped hands is made by mixing with a gentle heat two ounces of sweet oil of almonds, half an

# The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1885.

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Salem, N. C., July 1, 1884.

THE PEOPLE'S PRESS  
FOR 1885.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

The Press entered its thirty-third volume on January 1st, 1885. Now is the time to subscribe. It will be our endeavor to make the Press more interesting and entertaining than ever.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,  
Salem, N. C., Jan. 1, 1885.

—Gen. Grant has not been doing so well during the past week.

—The ravages of the terrible fever scourge in Plymouth, Pa., continue.

—The seat of government of West Virginia has been transferred from Wheeling to Charleston.

—Thanks for complimentary ticket to Eastern Carolina Fair and Stock Association, in Goldsboro, May 6 and 7.

—London dates of May 4 confirm previous dispatches that there will be, in all probability, no war between Russia and England.

—The government is about to move \$35,000,000 in gold from the sub-treasury at San Francisco to that at New York.

—Some of the dogs on exhibition at the dog show in New York are valued as high as \$2,500. There are said to be 900 dogs on exhibition.

—In the Sudan, the Mahdi's troops are again showing themselves and firing on the British at very long range, doing no damage, however.

—The Mexican government has formally notified the Mormons that they could come to Mexico as other emigrants did, subject to the laws of the country, which forbid polygamy.

—The sixty-ninth annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal church in the Diocese of North Carolina will meet (D. V.) in Trinity church, Asheville, on Wednesday, May 27th, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m.

—Postmaster General Vilas has appointed 600 postmasters at fourth-class offices. The greatest number appointed on any day was 133, on April 27th. A majority of the appointments was made to fill vacancies.

—Nubar Pasha, Prime Minister of Egypt, has apologized to the French consul for the suppression of the French newspaper at Cairo. It is hoped that the Alexandria indemnities to France will be paid by June 1.

—LONDON, May 3.—The English Cabinet had under consideration the advice from Sir Edward Thornton, British Minister at St. Petersburg, to the effect that Russia would accept the principle of arbitration. We sincerely hope that the war clouds will scatter and a peaceful solution of this matter be arrived at.

—During the month of April last the patent office received 3,159 new applications for patents, the fees upon which aggregate \$100,640. This is the largest sum in fees yet received by the patent office, the nearest approach to it being in the month of March, 1883, when the fees footed up \$99,515.

—Harper & Brothers announce that with the story entitled "That Terrible Man," issued on the 1st inst., commences a new weekly series of publications, entitled "Harper's Handy Series," which is intended to supply the best current literature, including fiction, biography, history, travel, &c. The series, like all the Harpers' books, will be pure and of a moral tone, always suitable for family reading.

## Official Notice.

Postmaster General Vilas has officially announced that after the 1st of July next, the rate on all domestic first class matter, including drop letters, at letter carrier offices, will be 2 cents per ounce or fraction thereof, instead of 2 cents per half ounce. This change will apply to mail addressed to Canada, but not to other foreign mails. To provide for wants that may arise from the change in the rate on second class matter or newspapers mailed by publishers from 2 cents to 1 cent per pound, the department has decided to issue a newspaper and periodical stamp of the denomination of 1 cent, the design and color of which will be the same as those of the present series. They will be ready for issue on June 1st.

—There have been 115 cases of measles and 30 cases of mumps among the inmates of the Oxford Orphan Asylum during the last four weeks preceding this.

—The stewards of the Methodist church, at Durham, not only paid the widow of the late Rev. B. C. Phillips the salary for this year, but made up \$500 besides and paid over to her.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The debt statement issued to-day shows the decrease of the public debt during the month of April to be \$5,464,596.38; decrease of debt since June 30, 1884, \$50,072,229.98; cash in treasury, \$483,992,556.00; gold certificates outstanding, \$153,860,000.00; silver certificates outstanding, \$141,555,086.00; certificates of deposit outstanding, \$25,450,000.00; refunding certificates outstanding, \$244,050.00; legal tenders outstanding, \$46,681,016.00; fractional currency outstanding (not including the amount lost or stolen), \$6,966,153.88.

The President has appointed E. J. Hale, of North Carolina, to be U. S. Marshal at Manchester, England, vice A. D. Shaw, suspended; John Goode, of Shaw, to be solicitor general, vice Samuel F. Phillips, resigned; Wm. M. Merrick, of Maryland, to be an associate justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, vice Andrew Wylie, resigned.

E. J. Hale is a native of North Carolina, is about 45 years of age, and is editor of the Fayetteville Observer. He has always been a working Democrat, and was a delegate to the Democratic national convention last year, and supported the Democratic ticket strongly in his newspaper during the Presidential campaign. He applied for a third-class mission, and was endorsed by the entire North Carolina delegation.

J. B. Baird, of Georgia, to-day received his appointment as superintendent of the dead-letter office, and immediately entered upon the discharge of his duties.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The Star says: "It is stated on very good authority that the President has determined to follow an altogether different policy with relation to appointments in Virginia from that of other States. It is said that all Mahone appointees will be dismissed upon the ground that all appointments made under Mahone rule were political and the President will trust to public sentiment to sustain his action. Protests are made from all parts of the State against the continuance of Mahone control, and it is expected that about 500 appointments will be made next week. The pressure being brought upon the President to induce him to make appointments in other States to affect elections meets with poor success.

## Small Industries.

Baltimore Manufacturers' Record. The Southern papers are very wisely urging upon their readers the importance of establishing small manufacturing industries. The Manufacturers' Record has time and time again called the attention of the Southern people to this subject. While we are glad to see large factories requiring heavy capital established in the South, it is also very satisfactory to note the starting of small industries to manufacture some of the many things in daily need, and which are now largely purchased in the North. It is really surprising when the matter is examined, to see how largely the South is dependent upon the North for goods that could be made in the former section to much better advantage than in the latter. Canned fruits and vegetables are shipped to the South by the millions of cans, and yet the South is preeminently well adapted to the raising and canning not only of fruits and vegetables, but also of oysters and fish. The same is true of hundreds of other things. We ship our pig iron to the North at an expense of three or four dollars a ton for freight, and then buy it back in the shape of agricultural implements, stoves, machinery, hardware and other articles; with the most magnificent timber resources we buy our furniture, good and common, in the North and West.

There is thought to be a radical change in all this. The South should be self-supporting, not only in agricultural but also in manufactured products. One of the best ways in which to accomplish this is in diversified agriculture and diversified manufactures. Small factories, requiring only a moderate capital, if well located and managed, are almost sure to grow and develop into large industries. Built up slowly but surely in this way, their continued success and prosperity is probably more certain than if they had been started first on a large scale. Examine the history of the great manufacturing concerns of the country, and it will be found that many of them were started in a very small way. As their business increased their facilities were enlarged, until they now count their capital by thousands instead of by hundreds. There is an almost unlimited field in the South, and especially in the growing manufacturing cities, for small factories, and the Southern papers are doing well in so constantly calling attention to this fact.

## Going to Europe.

A shipment of 225 car loads of lumber from Western North Carolina is now passing through Charlotte for the seaport of Wilmington, whence it will be conveyed in vessels to Europe. The fact that speculators in Europe find it profitable to pay the transportation charges of this lumber over such a great distance by land and sea is sufficient proof as to the value of the lumber in the hands of the country. The lumber is shipped from the Alexander's, in Brunswick county, and comes to Charlotte in Western North Carolina cars, and here it is transferred to the cars of the Carolina Central road and carried on to Wilmington, where it is transferred on board ship. The shipment is an immense one, as a little thought will show. The work of transporting the lumber from the Alexander's to Wilmington was begun on Thursday of last week, and the shipment have averaged about eight car loads per day. Yesterday there were ten car loads. Each car is loaded to its full capacity, and carries 30,000 pounds of lumber. This lumber which is going to Europe is said to be the finest in the world, and great care is taken in its shipment. To prevent the lumber from being injured by rain it is carried in box cars, as much care being taken with it as if it was so much

dry goods. Every plank in this shipment is of popular, and is stacked with great regularity in the cars, each car being filled from floor to roof, leaving a small aisle in the center of the car for the loading and unloading force to work in. Each plank is carefully inspected by the railroad hands, and a correct account is kept of all that are split or otherwise damaged.

The transfer of the lumber at Charlotte is a tedious piece of work, and an Observer reporter was afforded a good opportunity to inspect some of the Europe bound wealth of North Carolina forests. Several lumber dealers were grouped around the cars admiring what they pronounced some of the most beautiful lumber they had ever seen. The square-cut popular planks were well seasoned, dry and light, and were perfect, being sound and without knots. The planks varied in length from 16 to 18 feet, and were from 1 1/2 to 3 inches thick. They were in various widths and through the aid of a foot rule it was found that the narrowest plank was 24 inches wide, and the broadest was 40 inches wide. Of the whole amount of lumber in the ten car loads, about one-fourth of it was of the 16 foot long and 40 inch wide measurement. To saw out plank of these dimensions must have required tremendous saw stocks, and the trees from which they come must indeed be giants of the forest. The section of this lumber consists not only in its size, but in its clearness and perfection. The European buyers are authority for the statement that no country in the world can produce lumber superior to the shipment that is now being made to them. "This is the most forcible illustration of the value of the timber lands of our State that has yet been known, and this introduction into the European markets of North Carolina lumber is something for our people to rejoice over."—Charlotte Observer.

## The Rising St. Lawrence.

MONTREAL, April 27.—The flood on the St. Lawrence and its tributaries caused by the breaking up of ice in the rivers and rapids and the melting of the snow, has grown to alarming proportions. Water is already seven inches higher than the highest point of last year. In large tracts of low land the people are imprisoned in the upper stories of their houses, and food has to be distributed to them in boats. Advice from La Prairie state that the flood has increased and the surrounding country as far as can be seen is covered with water. The loss there is now estimated at \$250,000. At Joliette the damage is \$50,000. At Nun's Island the water has reached the second stories of the nursery, and fears are felt for the safety of its inmates, numbering about twenty.

—The Russian Empire covers nearly one-sixth of the territory of the globe. But in a recent publication the British Empire is given at even larger figures. Here they are: "The area of the British empire is 9,000,000 square miles; its population, 310,000,000; its revenue, \$1,040,000,000; its debt, \$5,355,000,000. In 1884-5 its army numbers 130,114 men at home, in the colonies and in Egypt, but not including the force in India. The army reserve numbered 47,250 men, the militia, 141,982; the navy, 14,404; volunteers, 249,412; total, 583,162."

Now put this along with the following: "The Russian empire has 8,325,393 square miles of area; a population of 100,038,000; a revenue of \$2,080,000,000. The Russian army on its peace footing numbers 780,081 men; on the war footing, 2,300,000."—Wm. Star.

—A writer in the London Garden, referring to the well-known fact that new seeds usually germinate more quickly than old ones, says that many old ones will germinate with heat, that would perish in old ground, a fact which should be borne in mind by those who are testing seeds in this spring in warm rooms. Among those which may be kept 2 seasons, are named onions, saffron, and some others; while lettuce, tomatoes and artichokes will continue good three seasons; cabbage, turnips, spinach, kale, etc., four seasons; and melons, cucumbers and beets, for five or six seasons. It must, however, be borne in mind that such rules as these are more or less arbitrary, as much depends on the condition of the seeds, the temperature and dampness of the place where they are kept, and on the condition of the soil which receives them, favorable influences sometimes more than counterbalancing their keeping, and favoring or preventing germination altogether.

—The sort of immigration that the South needs it is getting. There is no great rush in this direction, but such as it is, it is satisfactory. Men from the East, North and West, with capital to invest, are coming amongst us, and they have been for the past ten years. They are to be found in every section of the South. In Georgia there is hardly a section of the State in which one or more of these thirty capitalists cannot be found. They are the pioneers of the kind of immigration the South desires; and the success of President Cleveland's Administration will materially strengthen the movements in this direction. There is room here and here welcome for all who come, but in our opinion, the immigration that conventions attempt to invite is not the kind of immigration most desirable for the South.—Atlanta Constitution.

—The Lincoln Press says: The storm which passed over that place last Thursday did considerable damage there in that county. The heaviest damage there and in the western part of the county was done by lightning. Old citizens say they never heard of as much timber being struck in the same length of time. The Presbyterian church was struck and the steeple torn to pieces. The inside walls of the church were also badly damaged. Lightning struck in several places in the town.

—The Trustees of The University of North Carolina will hold a meeting, probably in June or very early in July, next, for the purpose of electing the following officers, viz:

1. A Professor of English Language and Literature.
2. A Professor of French and German.
3. A Professor of the Theory and Art of Teaching (Pedagogics).
4. A Professor of Agricultural Chemistry and Mining.
5. An Assistant Professor of Pure Mathematics.
6. An Assistant Professor of Economic Geology, Botany and Entomology.
7. An Assistant Professor of Physics and Engineering.

Those desiring to compete for the positions should forward their testimonials to Pres. K. P. Battle by the first of June. Correspondence is invited in regard to details.

—The News and Observer says Raleigh now has no less than twenty-four churches. Of these fourteen belong to white congregations and ten to colored. Of the white there are two Episcopal, three Baptist, three Methodist, two Presbyterian, one Roman Catholic, one Hebrew, one Primitive Baptist and one Christian. No less than six new churches have been erected in the past two years.

—Under an old law ex-Confederate soldiers who while in the service of the State lost both eyes or hands, &c., are allowed \$120 per annum pension. There are about 25 pensioners on this roll. Another name has been added to it. It was that of J. N. Goforth, of Alexander county, of the Fourth regiment, N. C. T., who lost both hands. A warrant has been sent him.

## PROTECT YOUR FRUIT TREES!

IMPROVE AND SAVE YOUR FRUIT FROM THE WASTING RAVAGES OF THE CURCULIO AND OTHER DESTRUCTIVE INSECTS, BY USING

C. W. WESTBROOK'S NEW INSECTICIDE "VICTORY". The great specific remedy for the Curculio, Codling, Moth, Borer, Canker Worm, Black Aphides, Woolly Aphis, &c. It is the only true "VICTORY" that will prevent the fruit from dropping off, rotting, becoming knotty, wormy, &c. Satisfaction guaranteed (free directions are followed). If the "VICTORY" fails to benefit the trees and the money will be refunded. Price \$6 per 100 lbs.—under 25 pounds, 10 cents per pound. Full directions with each package or by mail. Send for descriptive circular. Local and Traveling Agents Wanted. Liberal commissions allowed. "An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure." Use the "VICTORY" IN APRIL, BROAD CAST UNDER THE TREES, and you will destroy a great army of insects before they can injure and protect your trees. NOTHING BUT THE "VICTORY" IN THE FORMULA, but quite beneficial to trees, vines, plants and vegetation.

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HARTER'S IRON TONIC THE ONLY TRUE

FACTS REGARDING Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic. It will purify and cool the blood, cleanse the liver and kidneys, and restore the health after a course of disease. It is a powerful tonic, especially in cases of Anemia, Indigestion, Lack of Strength, etc. Its use is marked with beneficial and wonderful results. Builds up the muscles and nerves, gives new force. Enriches the blood and supplies Brain Power. LADIES suffering from all complaints peculiar to their sex will find in Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic a safe and speedy cure. It gives a clear and healthy complexion. The strongest testimony to the value of Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic is that it has been used for over twenty years, and has never been superseded. It is the only true "VICTORY" that will prevent the fruit from dropping off, rotting, becoming knotty, wormy, &c. Satisfaction guaranteed (free directions are followed). If the "VICTORY" fails to benefit the trees and the money will be refunded. Price \$6 per 100 lbs.—under 25 pounds, 10 cents per pound. Full directions with each package or by mail. Send for descriptive circular. Local and Traveling Agents Wanted. Liberal commissions allowed. "An ounce of prevention is better than a pound of cure." Use the "VICTORY" IN APRIL, BROAD CAST UNDER THE TREES, and you will destroy a great army of insects before they can injure and protect your trees. NOTHING BUT THE "VICTORY" IN THE FORMULA, but quite beneficial to trees, vines, plants and vegetation.

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# EVERYBODY.

whether Republican, Democrat, Prohibition or Greenback, seems to be satisfied on one point—that is, that the administration of Cleveland, will give us the best government the sun shines upon.

The people of Salem, Winston and vicinity are

## PARTICULARLY CONVINCED

that the following truths are predominant in regard to their direct welfare.

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## CLOTHING HOUSE

is a solid institution.

Its mode of transacting business is highly satisfactory.

The magnificent

## Stock of Clothing

just received for the

## Spring and Summer

of '85 has been weighed in the balance and NOT found wanting.

The prices are those that will not materially damage the lightest purse.

That a customer's interest is always my chief ambition.

That my stock of

## Gent's Furnishing Goods,

is a daisy.

That you are

## ALWAYS WELCOME

whether on a tour of purchase or inspection.

## CALL AND SEE

and receive a greeting as well as a bargain.

From Yours Truly

M. M. STEIN,

MAIN STREET,

WINSTON N. C.

Winston, N. C., No. 12.

# Great Fertilizer FOR FINE

## BRIGHT TOBACCO

ALLISON & ADDISON'S STAR BRAND

## SPECIAL

## TOBACCO MANURE

1865. --- 1885.

For the twenty years during which we have been selling and manufacturing Fertilizers, we have made the TOBACCO CROP the subject of special study and extensive experiments, with the object of making the best possible Fertilizer for that crop, without regard to analyses or book valuations. The relative value of the different fertilizing materials has been studied in the Plant-Bed, in the Field, in the Barn, and in the Salesroom.

## SPECIAL

## TOBACCO MANURE,

is the product of the information and skill gained in this continuous effort to improve, and we offer it with great confidence as being the

## VERY BEST

## FERTILIZER FOR BRIGHT TOBACCO

yet made. Crops raised with it bring the highest average prices in all the markets of Virginia and North Carolina.

## IMPORTANT.

We use nothing in its manufacture but materials of the highest grade which are known to be specially adapted to this crop. We use no Fiery Ammoniates, Ground Leather, Horn, Hoof, Shoddy, or Wool Waste, or other inferior or injurious Ammoniates.

ALLISON & ADDISON, Manufacturers, Richmond, Va.

## FOR SALE BY

HINSHAW & BYNUM,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

## GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Grass Seeds and Star Brand Fertilizers.

WINSTON, N. C.

February 24, 1885—1y.

# The People's Press.

THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1885.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

AN EPITOME OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS.

**Departure and arrival of Trains on the Salem Branch—N.W.C.R.R.**  
No. 1 Leaves Salem, 6:30 a. m.  
No. 2 Arrives Salem, 11:25 a. m.  
No. 3 Leaves Salem, 6:55 p. m.  
No. 4 Arrives Salem, 1:17 a. m.

**For Sale.**—Lot in Winston, No. 298, bounded north by 5th street, east by lot No. 297, south by 4th street, west by Broad street, near the Graded School. Enquire at this office.

Any persons having knowledge of books belonging to the Salem Literary Society will please report to

GEORGE F. BRIETZ,  
Librarian S. L. S.

—Centerville is still building up.  
—Foggy Superior Court opens next Monday.

—New buildings in prospect in every direction.

—Five Sundays, Fridays and Saturdays in this month.

—With the end of April one-third of the present year elapsed.

—Miss Carrie Crist is spending a few weeks in Charleston, S. C.

—Wiley Nifong lost a fine sow by allowing her to drink fish brine.

—Last quarter of the old Moon today. New Moon on the 17th.

—Only 13 marriage licenses issued in this county during April.

—We regret that a number of locusts reached us too late for this issue.

—Hollow horn is a disease affecting cattle in some parts of Rowan county.

—J. A. Batten & Co., commenced manufacturing tobacco Monday, at this place.

—We are pleased to see Thomas Turner out again, after a long spell of sickness.

—Charles Pope has opened a store at Centerville, between this place and Waukegan.

—One farmer in Rowan county, set out several thousand sweet potato slips in April.

—Slight frosts during the past week, with little or no damage to fruit or vegetables.

—Rev. Dr. Rondthaler gave a religious exhibition in the chapel, on Friday night, for the children.

—Prof. J. L. Tomlinson has been selected for Principal of the Winston Normal, and Prof. C. D. McIver for assistant.

—One hundred and twenty-seven days past and two hundred and thirty-eight to come before the end of the year.

—Maj. J. S. Miller, is moving his dwelling back on his lot, and will erect a larger and finer residence in place of it.

—Fine rain Friday. In the Friedberg settlement there was considerable storm and hail, but no damage, as far as we have learnt.

—After the second Thursday in October, common School Teachers will be required to stand an examination on Physiology and Hygiene.

—We learn that our old friend Lyndon Swain, has been appointed Superintendent of the construction of the United States public building, at Greensboro.

—J. S. Sides, of this neighborhood, killed a large horned (bull) owl with his new 32 calibre rifle, Wesson make, at a distance of one hundred and thirty paces.

—A large edition, of a double number and supplement of the *Academy* will be issued in June next, after the commencement exercises. The May number will appear shortly.

—R. W. Belo, of the Belo House, owns a fine mare, which dropped the largest colt ever seen about here. The mare was bought in Virginia, with foal from a fine Norman stallion.

—There will be a Promenade Concert in the Salem Public Square, on Saturday night, May 9th, for the benefit of the Salem Amateur Court and the Wachovia Cornet Band. All are cordially invited.

—Thanks to W. L. Springs, Esq., of Philadelphia, for a well finished view of the old Salem Hotel. Dr. Swift offers it for rent. It has always been a favorite summer resort, and with good management could be made to pay.

—Hamilton Shepherd, son of the late H. A. Shepherd, a native of this vicinity, has been appointed by the President Collector of Internal Revenue for the 6th district of Virginia, in place of Wm. E. Craig, suspended.

—Water pipes from the Winston reservoir are being laid along the entire length of Cherry Street. They will extend to the front of the Wachovia Mill, where proper coupling will be arranged so that in case of fire they can be connected with the Salem water supply at this point.

—Hon. A. W. Graham, of Hillsboro, will deliver the Annual Address at Oak Ridge Institute, June 2nd. Rev. T. J. Ogburn, of Winston, will preach the sermon May 31st.

The exercises will be held in the new chapel for the first time.

—A young horse, attached to a buggy and used on the mail route between here and Mount Airy, ran away and smashed up the buggy in front of Prof. Agthe's residence.

Nobody hurt. A negro with a wheelbarrow full of fragrant fresh fish caused the racket.

—We have received the first number of the *Winston City Gossip*, an evening paper published in Winston by Messrs. Doub and Whitehead. It is neatly gotten up and promises to be a good paper. We wish the enterprising publishers success in their undertaking.

**CONCERT AND FESTIVAL.**—East Salem Sunday School will give a Promenade Concert in the "Salem Square" about June 1st, when and where there will also be a number of useful articles for sale for the benefit of the school, and for enlarging the Chapel.

—Gov. Seales, we learn, will deliver the address at the Commencement exercises of Salem Female Academy.

The graduating class of twenty-four in number, have received their senior badges, consisting of a gold crescent, with the monogram S. F. A., within the half circle, with "class of 1885" engraved upon the crescent.

—The following are the Mayor and Commissioners elected in Salem for the ensuing year:

MAYOR.—C. H. Fogle.

COMMISSIONERS.—C. S. Hauser, J. W. Fries, H. S. Crist, J. G. Sides, J. W. Shepperd, L. A. Brietz and A. A. Spauld.

—The following are the Mayor and Commissioners elected for the ensuing year in Winston:

MAYOR.—S. H. Smith.

COMMISSIONERS.—S. A. Ogburn, B. J. Shepperd, Chas. Buford, Frank Harris, Robah Kerner, D. S. Reid and Wm. Spach.

**NEW GOODS.**

We have fitted up the large, well lighted store room, on east side of our block, to be used exclusively for Ladies' Goods and now have open an elegant line of New Dress Goods, Trimmings, Notions, Hosiery, Shoes, Parasols, &c. All of which will be sold at prices as low as the lowest.

We cordially invite all the ladies to come and examine our goods and prices.

Yours, very truly,  
HINSHAW & BYNUM.

April 29, 1885.

—The Second Music Festival of the Petersburg Musical Association, will take place in the Academy of Music at Petersburg, Va., on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, May 27th, 28th and 29th, under the direction of Herr Carl Zerrahn, of Boston.

Among the prominent singers will be Mrs. E. Aline Osgood, Mme. Teresa Carreno, the superb pianist will add much by presiding at this instrument. The greatest feature of the occasion will be one grand chorus of 200 to 250 voices, and a grand orchestra of 27 to 30 instruments.

Reduced R. R. rates will be given.

**Commissioners' Court.**

MONDAY.

The matter of petition for removal of the School Committee in district No. 7, for whites, was taken up for a hearing. Mr. Fulton, one of the committee, stated he was not ready to go into a trial on account of the absence of his counsel. Judge Wilson, counsel for petitioners, proposed as compromise of the whole difficulty, to withdraw the petition for removal and charges, provided the committee, would resign, which proposition was agreed to, and a new committee to be appointed upon petitions, at the June meeting. The resignation of the committee was filed.

The settlement of the Sheriff of the State taxes for 1884, also the stock tax in Broadway and Old Town district and in Lewisville and Vienna townships, was approved.

The magistrates met with the board to vote on the alternative system of working the public roads, and it was defeated by a majority of 4—12 for and 16 against it.

The following resolution was introduced:

WHEREAS, there seems to be a doubt in the minds of some persons as to whether a tax for the keeping up of public roads can be collected on property within the limits of the corporate towns, therefore be it

Resolved, that if "An Alternative system" of keeping in repair the public roads, be this day adopted by a majority of the magistrates of Winston, Broadway, Middle Fork, Old Town, Bethania, South Fork and Lewisville townships, it shall be the understanding that the collection of the tax for this purpose shall be commenced in Winston and Salem corporations. Taxes on property outside of said corporations will be expected to be paid only after a reasonable amount shall have been collected within said corporations; and the County Commissioners will decide when this time has come.

If the legal question be raised and the courts finally decide that town property is not liable for this tax, then the Commissioners will remit all paid taxes levied on property outside the towns.

## DAVID COUNTY.

FROM THE DAVID TIMES.

The sum of \$2,000 has been paid, as we are informed, to the administrator of B. I. Smith, deceased, this being the assessment due from the Knights of Honor, which Mr. Smith was a member at the time of his death. This is the first assessment paid on the Widows and Orphans Benefit Fund in this county, by the Knights of Honor.

Sheriff Bailey has been notified that John Young, colored, who was sentenced to the penitentiary from this county in 1878 to serve a term of 25 years, made his escape on the 25th. He was 22 or 23 years old, light ginger-cake color, 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, and weighs about 175 pounds; has brown eyes and straight black hair, kept nicely combed. His hair is straight when short, but when long is wavy. Look out for him.

On Tuesday evening, about half past nine o'clock, while Miss Mary Nail, of Mocksville, was preparing to retire, she accidentally knocked the lamp off of the bureau which caused it to explode, and it endeavoring to extinguish the flames, was terribly burned about the hands, arms, face, neck and shoulders. The bureau sits in the corner near a window, and the flames soon caught the curtain and spread rapidly, but the young lady fought heroically, in the meantime calling for help, but had overcome the monster when assistance arrived. A bed quilt that was used in smothering the flames was also destroyed. A few minutes lost in running around yelling and screaming would have lost the house and contents, as the window sill and bureau were about ready to blaze.

**MARRIED.**

In Winston, Sunday, James Johnson and Miss Sissie Hester.

In Rowan county, on April 27th, David Brown to Miss Dena Eagle.

In Rowan county, by Rev. Samuel Rothrock, on April 9th, J. J. Miller to Miss Little S. Trexler.

In Rowan county, by Rev. Samuel Rothrock, April 19th, A. D. Thomas to Miss E. A. Miller.

**DIED.**

In Rowan county, on the 13th of April, Mrs. ELIZABETH BASINGER, aged 101 years.

**SEND FOR SAMPLE COPIES.**

THEY COST NOTHING.

**THE NEWS & OBSERVER.**

RALEIGH, N. C.

The largest, best and cheapest paper published in the State. Telegraphic accounts of all interesting events from every part of the world.

Full Market Reports. A paper for every family. Established 1872—and gets better every year.

Send your name, Postoffice address and \$2.00 per year; \$1.00 for 6 months.

Every North Carolinian should take it. The latest, most progressive paper in the State.

THE WEEKLY NEWS-OBSERVER.

Raleigh, N. C.

**NOTICE.**

HAVING qualified as Executor according to law on the estate of Catherine B. Peterson, deceased, I hereby give general notice to all creditors of said estate, to present their claims properly authenticated, before the 26th day of March, 1886, otherwise this notice will be placed in bar of recovery. Persons indebted to the estate are respectfully requested to make payment immediately.

H. A. BRICKENTEN, Executor.

March 26th, 1885.

Post Office, Little, Pa.

**SALEM MARKETS.**

Wheat, per bushel, \$1.00 to 1.05

Corn, per bushel, 75 to 80

Oats, per bushel, 60 to 65

Rye, per bushel, 90 to 100

Barley, per bushel, 80 to 90

Flour, per hundred, 2.00 to 2.25

Peas, (col'd), per bushel, 0.90 to 1.00

Peas, (white), per bushel, 1.00 to 1.10

Beans, (col'd), per bushel, 0.90 to 1.00

Beans, (white), per bushel, 1.10 to 1.20

Onion Sets, per bushel, 0.60 to 0.70

Pork, per hundred, 9.00 to 9.50

Lard, per hundred, 8.00 to 8.50

Country Meat, (hog round), 0.10 to 0.15

Hams, per hundred, 0.00 to 0.00

Green Apples, per bushel, 15 to 18

Butter, per pound, 15 to 20

Tallow, per pound, 6 to 10

Beeswax, per pound, 20 to 25

Flax Seed, per bushel, 50 to 60

Potatoes, Irish, per bushel, 75 to 80

Potatoes, sweet, per bushel, 40 to 50

Sabbage, per pound, 4 to 6

Chickens, per hundred, 10 to 15

Hay, per hundred, 60 to 70

Stocks, per hundred pounds, 0.00 to 0.00

**Winston Tobacco Market.**

Large Common Green, 5.00 to 6.00

Bright, 7.00 to 8.00

Good, 8.00 to 12.00

Fine, 15.00 to 18.00

Fillers, Common, 5.00 to 6.00

Good, 8.00 to 12.00

Fine, 12.00 to 18.00

Wrappers, Common, 15.00 to 20.00

Good, 35.00 to 40.00

Fine, 45.00 to 50.00

Fancy, 60.00 to 75.00

**GENERAL NEWS.**

GATHERED FROM HOME AND ABROAD.

—A special to the N. Y. *World* from Richmond, says: "Miss Julia Jackson, the only child of the late Gen. Thomas J. (Stonewall) Jackson, of Confederate fame, will be married on June 3 to Mr. Wm. E. Christian, a prominent grain merchant, of Richmond, and son of a prominent Methodist clergyman. Miss Jackson is 23 years old and Mr. Christian is 23.

—Great damage has been done by a cloud bursting near Medicine Lodge, Kansas, resulting in the drowning of a large number of persons, including whole families.

—Last week fires were consuming forests and fences along the sides of the mountain counties of Virginia, including Rockbridge, Highland, Alleghany, Augusta and Rockingham. The loss will be the heaviest for years. Buildings are endangered in many places and a desperate fight is being made to save them.

—35 persons lost their lives in the Vicksburg, Miss., fire. That number of bodies have been recovered.

—Eleven miners were captured in a snow slide in a mine on Eagle river, Colorado, last Saturday afternoon, and buried alive.

—The colleges of the United States have an attendance of over 32,000 students.

—Fifteen inches of snow fell on Saturday at Dixmont, Maine, thirteen at Dexter, and ten inches at Bangor.

—Forest fires are raging among the young timber near Baltimore. The damage is small, however, in comparison with other woods fires.

—Geo. Mack, who murdered Richard Parker, at Great Bend, Kansas, on Sunday, was arrested here yesterday. On reaching Great Bend, last night, he was taken from the train and hanged by a mob.

—The existing trouble about the Mayoralty of Galveston, Texas, is still unsettled. Two Mayors, both Democrats, claim to have been elected. Fraudulent ballots in some of the wards caused the trouble. Atkins holds the reins and has discharged several of the police. Pistols are being brought out by the sackful and distributed among the friends of both sides. The case seems likely to prove troublesome.

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**GENERAL NEWS.**

**Great Attraction.**  
**GRAND DISPLAY**  
of a Varied and Select Stock of  
**BEAUTIFUL GOODS.**  
We do not intend to be surpassed in  
**Style, Price and Quality,**  
and to convince any one of this fact is only for them to give  
**OUR STOCK**  
a careful examination before buying.  
All we ask is the privilege of showing our goods.  
A perusal of the following will amply repay any one.  
**DRY GOODS**  
AND  
**NOTIONS**  
IN ENDLESS VARIETY,  
consisting of the following which is only a part of our Stock:  
Black Cashmeres from 16¢ to \$1.25 per yard.  
Silk Wrap Henrietta Cloths (Extra Quality and Extra Width.)  
Batiste Cloth, New Khyber Cloth Extra Width.  
Nuns Veiling in all the new shades.  
Albattross Cloth in all the new shades.  
Plain and Plaid Suitings in new shades.  
Embroidered Robes in White and Colors.  
Plain, Striped, Brocaded and checked Silks in endless variety.  
Ladies, White and Brown Dress Linens.  
White and Black Linen Lawns.  
Mull and Swiss Muslins.  
Nainsook and Victoria Lawns.  
Cheese Cloths in all the new colors.  
A Superb line of Lace Curtains and Serim for Curtains.  
The new Egyptian Lace.  
All over Embroideries.  
Laces in all colors, widths, &c., &c.  
Beaded Lace Passementine.  
Beaded Fronts.  
Hosiery and Gloves.  
A Superb Line of Parasols and Umbrellas.  
Fans, Fans Fans.  
Carpets, Straw Mattings, Oil Cloths, Stair Carpeting, &c.

**Gen's Furnishing Goods.**

We are headquarters for these goods and have just opened a nice line and

**GUARANTEE TO PLEASE**

the most fastidious in

**STYLE, PRICE AND QUALITY.**

Ladies and Gents' SILK FURNISHED GOSAMERS.

**MILLINERY.**</

